## AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 21, 2005

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2005-06 REGULAR SESSION

## ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 1632

## **Introduced by Assembly Member Blakeslee**

February 22, 2005

An act to amend Section 25303 of the Public Resources Code, relating to energy.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 1632, as amended, Blakeslee. Energy-resources: planning and forecasting.

The Warren-Alquist State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Act requires the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission to prepare an integrated energy policy report every 2 years. The act requires the commission to conduct electricity and natural gas forecasting and assessment activities, as specified, in reporting on electricity and natural gas markets.

This bill would require the commission, as part of its electricity and natural gas forecasting and assessment activities, to evaluate the vulnerability of existing, large baseload generation facilities to a major disruption due to aging or a catastrophic event, including, but not limited to, a major earthquake or other natural event.

Under existing law, the commission is also required, as part of its integrated energy policy report, to assess the current status of the environmental performance of the electric generation facilities of the state, as specified.

This bill would require the commission to include in that assessment the impact on the environment, public safety, and the economy of a major catastrophic event, including, but not limited to, a major

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earthquake or other natural event, at a major baseload generation plant.

The Warren-Alquist State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Act declares, among other things, that it is the policy of the state to establish and consolidate the state's responsibility for energy reosurces.

This bill would declare the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation relating to thermal power plants.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no-yes. State-mandated local program: no.

*The people of the State of California do enact as follows:* 

SECTION 1. It is the intent of the Legislature to enact 2 legislation relating to thermal power plants.

SECTION 1. Section 25303 of the Public Resources Code is amended to read:

- 25303. (a) The commission shall conduct electricity and natural gas forecasting and assessment activities to meet the requirements of paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of Section 25302, including, but not limited to, all of the following:
- (1) Assessment of trends in electricity and natural gas supply and demand, and the outlook for wholesale and retail prices for commodity electricity and natural gas under current market structures and expected market conditions.
- (2) Forecasts of statewide and regional electricity and natural gas demand including annual, seasonal, and peak demand, and the factors leading to projected demand growth including, but not limited to, projected population growth, urban development, industrial expansion and energy intensity of industries, energy demand for different building types, energy efficiency, and other factors influencing demand for electricity. With respect to long-range forecasts of the demand for natural gas, the report shall include an evaluation of average conditions, as well as best and worst case scenarios, and an evaluation of the impact of the increasing use of renewable resources on natural gas demand.
- (3) Evaluation of the adequacy of electricity and natural gas supplies to meet forecasted demand growth. Assessment of the availability, reliability, and efficiency of the electricity and natural gas infrastructure and systems including, but not limited

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to, natural gas production capability both in and out of state, natural gas interstate and intrastate pipeline capacity, storage and use, and western regional and California electricity and transmission system capacity and use.

- (4) Evaluation of potential impacts of electricity and natural gas supply, demand, and infrastructure and resource additions on the electricity and natural gas systems, public health and safety, the economy, resources, and the environment.
- (5) Evaluation of the potential impacts of electricity and natural gas load management efforts, including end user response to market price signals, as a means to ensure reliable operation of electricity and natural gas systems.
- (6) Evaluation of whether electricity and natural gas markets are adequately meeting public interest objectives including the provision of all of the following: economic benefits; competitive, low-cost reliable services; customer information and protection; and environmentally sensitive electricity and natural gas supplies. This evaluation may consider the extent to which California is an element within western energy markets, the existence of appropriate incentives for market participants to provide supplies and for consumers to respond to energy prices, appropriate identification of responsibilities of various market participants, and an assessment of long-term versus short-term market performance. To the extent this evaluation identifies market shortcomings, the commission shall propose market structure changes to improve performance.
- (7) Identification of impending or potential problems or uncertainties in the electricity and natural gas markets, potential options and solutions, and recommendations.
- (8) Evaluation of the vulnerability of existing, large baseload generation facilities to a major disruption due to aging or a catastrophic event, including, but not limited to, a major earthquake or other natural event. This evaluation shall include an analysis of the impact of a major disruption on reliability and rates, including the cost of major capital expenditures that may be required in order to avoid or remedy a major disruption. This evaluation shall be based on the most current scientific data available to the commission.
- (b) Commencing November 1, 2003, and every two years thereafter, to be included in the integrated energy policy report

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prepared pursuant to Section 25302, the commission shall assess the current status of the following:

- (1) The environmental performance of the electric generation facilities of the state, to include all of the following:
  - (A) Generation facility efficiency.
- (B) Air emission control technologies in use in operating plants.
- (C) The extent to which recent resource additions have, and expected resource additions are likely to, displace or reduce the operation of existing facilities, including the environmental consequences of these changes.
- (D) The impact on the environment, public safety, and the economy of a major catastrophic event, including, but not limited to, a major earthquake or other natural event, at a major baseload generation plant.
- (2) The geographic distribution of statewide environmental, efficiency, and socioeconomic benefits and drawbacks of existing generation facilities, including, but not limited to, the impacts on natural resources including wildlife habitat, air quality, and water resources, and the relationship to demographic factors. The assessment shall describe the socioeconomic and demographic factors that existed when the facilities were constructed and the current status of these factors. In addition, the report shall include how expected or recent resource additions could change the assessment through displaced or reduced operation of existing facilities.